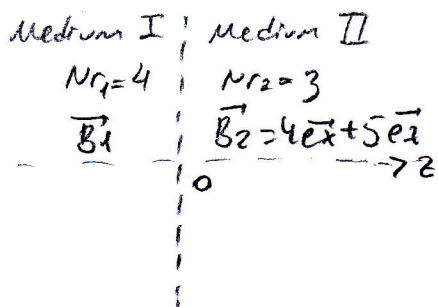


The xy plane serves as the interface between two different media. Medium I ($z < 0$) is filled with a material whose $\mu r_1 = 4$ and Medium II ($z > 0$) is filled with a material whose $\mu r_2 = 3$. If the interface carries current $\vec{J} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{e}_y$ [mA/m] and $\vec{B}_2 = 4 \vec{e}_x + 5 \vec{e}_z$ [mWb/m²], find \vec{H}_1 and \vec{B}_1 .

Q

A



$$\vec{e}_n \times (\vec{H}_2 - \vec{H}_1) = \vec{J}_s$$

$$\vec{e}_n \cdot (\vec{B}_2 - \vec{B}_1) = 0$$

$$\vec{e}_1 = \vec{e}_z$$

$$\vec{B}_{1z} = \vec{B}_{2z} = 5 \vec{e}_z \quad \vec{H}_{1z} = \frac{5}{4\mu_0} \vec{e}_z$$

$$\vec{H}_2 = \frac{\vec{B}_2}{\mu_2} = \frac{1}{3\mu_0} (4\vec{e}_x + 5\vec{e}_z) \quad \vec{H}_1 = H_{1x} \vec{e}_x + H_{1y} \vec{e}_y + H_{1z} \vec{e}_z$$

$$\vec{e}_z \times \left[\frac{4\vec{e}_x + 5\vec{e}_z}{3\mu_0} - (H_{1x} \vec{e}_x + H_{1y} \vec{e}_y + H_{1z} \vec{e}_z) \right] = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{e}_y$$

$$\frac{4}{3\mu_0} \vec{e}_y - H_{1x} \vec{e}_y + H_{1y} \vec{e}_x = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{e}_y$$

$$H_{1y} = 0 \quad \frac{4}{3\mu_0} - H_{1x} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \Rightarrow H_{1x} = \frac{1}{3\mu_0}$$

$$\vec{H}_1 = \frac{1}{3\mu_0} \vec{e}_x + \frac{5}{4\mu_0} \vec{e}_z \quad [\text{A/m}]$$

$$\vec{B}_1 = \frac{4}{3} \vec{e}_x + 5 \vec{e}_z \quad [\text{mWb/m}^2]$$